



# TRI-COUNTY CHAMBER ALLIANCE

SAN LUIS OBISPO | SANTA BARBARA | VENTURA

Bill No./Author	Description	Company Position	Organizations in Support/Oppose	Status	Similar Legislation
<a href="#">AB 15</a> <a href="#">Chiu D</a>	<p><b>COVID-19 relief: tenancy: Tenant Stabilization Act of 2021.</b>            Would extend the definition of “COVID-19 rental debt” as unpaid rent or any other unpaid financial obligation of a tenant that came due between March 1, 2020, and December 31, 2021. The bill would also extend the repeal date of the act to January 1, 2026. The bill would make other conforming changes to align with these extended dates. By extending the repeal date of the act, the bill would expand the crime of perjury and create a state-mandated local program.</p>			<p>1/11/2021 - Referred to Com. on H. &amp; C.D.</p>	
<a href="#">AB 33</a> <a href="#">Ting D</a>	<p><b>Energy Conservation Assistance Act of 1979: energy storage systems and transportation electrification infrastructure.</b>            The Energy Conservation Assistance Act of 1979 states the intent of the Legislature that the Energy Commission administer the State Energy Conservation Assistance Account to provide grants and loans to local governments and public institutions to maximize energy use savings, including technical assistance, demonstrations, and identification and implementation of cost-effective energy efficiency measures and programs in existing and planned buildings or facilities. This bill would require the Energy Commission, in administering the account, to provide grants and loans to local governments and public institutions to maximize energy use savings, expand installation of energy storage systems and expand the availability of transportation electrification infrastructure, including technical assistance, demonstrations, and identification and implementation of cost-effective energy efficiency, energy storage, and transportation electrification infrastructure measures and programs in existing and planned buildings or facilities.</p>			<p>5/20/2021 - Read third time. Passed. Ordered to the Senate. In Senate. Read first time. To Com. on RLS. for assignment.</p>	
<a href="#">AB 71</a> <a href="#">Rivas, Luz D</a>	<p><b>Homelessness funding: Bring California Home Act.</b>            The Personal Income Tax Law, in conformity with federal income tax law, generally defines gross income as income from whatever source derived, except as specifically excluded, and provides various exclusions from gross income. Current federal law, for purposes of determining a taxpayer’s gross income for federal income taxation, requires that a person who is a United States shareholder of any controlled foreign corporation to include in their gross income the global intangible low-taxed income for that taxable year, as provided. This bill, for taxable</p>	<p>Oppose</p>		<p>5/20/2021 - From committee: Amend, and do pass as amended. (Ayes 12. Noes 4.) (May 20). 5/24/2021 #255 ASS EMBLY SECOND READING FILE -- ASSEMBLY BILLS</p>	



# TRI-COUNTY CHAMBER ALLIANCE

SAN LUIS OBISPO | SANTA BARBARA | VENTURA

	years beginning on or after January 1, 2022, would include a taxpayer's global intangible low-taxed income in their gross income for purposes of the Personal Income Tax Law, in modified conformity with the above-described federal provisions.				
<a href="#">AB 84</a> Committee on Budget	<b>Employment: rehiring and retention: displaced workers.</b> Would, until December 31, 2024, require an employer, as defined, to offer its laid-off employees specified information about job positions that become available for which the laid-off employees are qualified, and to offer positions to those laid-off employees based on a preference system, in accordance with specified timelines and procedures. The bill would define the term "laid-off employee" to mean any employee who was employed by the employer for 6 months or more in the 12 months preceding January 1, 2020, and whose most recent separation from active service was due to a reason related to the COVID-19 pandemic, including a public health directive, government shutdown order, lack of business, a reduction in force, or other economic, nondisciplinary reason related to the COVID-19 pandemic. The bill would require an employer to keep records for 3 years, including records of communications regarding the offers.	Oppose		5/18/2021 - Re-referred to Com. on B. & F.R.	
<a href="#">AB 91</a> <a href="#">Valladares R</a>	<b>Taxation: corporations: minimum franchise tax: limited liability companies: annual tax: small businesses: microbusinesses.</b> Would, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2021, reduce the minimum franchise tax to \$400 for small businesses, as defined, and to \$200 for microbusinesses, as defined. The bill, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2021, would also reduce the annual tax for the limited liability companies described above that are small businesses to \$400 and that are microbusinesses to \$200. The bill would also state the intent of the Legislature to comply with the additional information requirement for any bill authorizing a new tax expenditure.	Support		3/22/2021 - In committee: Hearing postponed by committee.	
<a href="#">AB 95</a> Low D	<b>Employees: bereavement leave.</b> Would enact the Bereavement Leave Act of 2021. The bill would require an employer with 25 or more employees to grant a request made by any employee to take up to 10 business days of unpaid bereavement leave upon the death of a spouse, child, parent, sibling, grandparent, grandchild, or domestic partner, in accordance with certain procedures, and subject to certain exclusions. The bill would require an employer with fewer than 25 employees to grant a request by any employee to take up to	Oppose		5/20/2021 - In committee: Hearing postponed by committee.	



# TRI-COUNTY CHAMBER ALLIANCE

SAN LUIS OBISPO | SANTA BARBARA | VENTURA

	3 business days of leave, in accordance with these provisions. The bill would prohibit an employer from interfering with or restraining the exercise or attempt to exercise the employee's right to take this leave.				
<a href="#">AB 99</a> <a href="#">Irwin D</a>	<p><b>Statewide longitudinal data system: California Cradle-to-Career Data System: governance and support.</b></p> <p>Current law establishes the California Cradle-to-Career Data System Workgroup to assess, recommend, and advise about statewide data infrastructure that integrates data from state entities responsible for elementary and secondary education data, entities responsible for early learning data, segments of public higher education, private colleges and universities, state entities responsible for student financial aid, childcare providers, state labor and workforce development agencies, and state departments administering health and human services programs. Current law requires the Office of Planning and Research to contract with entities with expertise in managing data for specified purposes relating to the workgroup's activities. Current law requires those contracted entities to submit reports to the Department of Finance and the Legislature concerning the establishment of the California Cradle-to-Career Data System, as specified. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature in enacting the bill is to codify certain recommendations in the California Cradle-to-Career Data System Legislative Report published in December 2020, which describes the planning process and recommendations for phase one of the Cradle-to-Career Data System.</p>			<p>5/20/2021 - From committee: Do pass. (Ayes 16. Noes 0.) (May 20). 5/24/2021 #19 ASSEMBLY SECOND READING FILE -- ASSEMBLY BILLS</p>	
<a href="#">AB 115</a> <a href="#">Bloom D</a>	<p><b>Planning and zoning: commercial zoning: housing development.</b></p> <p>Would, notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of a city's or county's general plan, specific plan, zoning ordinance, or regulation, would require that a housing development be an authorized use on a site designated in any local agency's zoning code or maps for commercial uses if certain conditions apply. Among these conditions, the bill would require that the housing development be subject to a recorded deed restriction requiring that at least 20% of the units have an affordable housing cost or affordable rent for lower income households, as those terms are defined, and located on a site that satisfies specified criteria.</p>			<p>4/30/2021 - Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was L. GOV. on 4/15/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)</p>	
<a href="#">AB 123</a> <a href="#">Gonzalez, Lorena D</a>	<p><b>Paid family leave: weekly benefit amount.</b></p> <p>Current law establishes, within the Unemployment Compensation Disability Fund program, a family temporary disability insurance</p>			<p>5/20/2021 - From committee: Do pass. (Ayes 12. Noes 3.)</p>	



# TRI-COUNTY CHAMBER ALLIANCE

SAN LUIS OBISPO | SANTA BARBARA | VENTURA

	<p>program, also known as the paid family leave program, for the provision of wage replacement benefits for up to 8 weeks to workers who take time off work to care for a seriously ill family member or to bond with a minor child within one year of birth or placement, as specified. Current law defines “weekly benefit amount” for purposes of both employee contributions and benefits under this program to mean the amount of weekly benefits available to qualifying disabled individuals pursuant to unemployment compensation disability law, calculated pursuant to specified formulas partly based on the applicable percentage of the wages paid to an individual for employment by employers during the quarter of the individual’s disability base period in which these wages were highest, but not to exceed the maximum workers’ compensation temporary disability indemnity weekly benefit amount established by the Department of Industrial Relations. This bill would revise the formula for determining benefits available pursuant to the family temporary disability insurance program, for periods of disability commencing after January 1, 2022, by redefining the weekly benefit amount to be equal to 90% of the wages paid to an individual for employment by employers during the quarter of the individual’s disability base period in which these wages were highest, divided by 13, but not exceeding the maximum workers’ compensation temporary disability indemnity weekly benefit amount established by the Department of Industrial Relations.</p>			<p>(May 20). 5/24/2021 #27 ASSEMBLY SECOND READING FILE -- ASSEMBLY BILLS</p>	
<p><a href="#">AB 215</a> <a href="#">Chiu D</a></p>	<p>Housing element: regional housing need: relative progress determination. The Planning and Zoning Law requires a city or county to adopt a general plan for land use development within its boundaries that includes, among other things, a housing element. That law requires the Department of Housing and Community Development to determine whether the housing element is in substantial compliance with specified provisions of that law. This bill, starting with the 6th housing element revision, would require the department to determine the relative progress toward meeting regional housing needs of each jurisdiction, council of governments, and subregion, as specified. The bill would require the department to make this determination based on the information contained in the annual reports submitted by each jurisdiction, as specified.</p>	<p>Watch</p>		<p>5/20/2021 - From committee: Do pass. (Ayes 12. Noes 4.) (May 20). 5/24/2021 #30 ASSEMBLY SECOND READING FILE -- ASSEMBLY BILLS</p>	
<p><a href="#">AB 230</a> <a href="#">Voepel R</a></p>	<p>Employment: flexible work schedules. Would enact the Workplace Flexibility Act of 2021. The bill would permit</p>	<p>Watch</p>		<p>4/30/2021 - Failed Deadline pursuant to</p>	



# TRI-COUNTY CHAMBER ALLIANCE

SAN LUIS OBISPO | SANTA BARBARA | VENTURA

	<p>an individual nonexempt employee to request an employee-selected flexible work schedule providing for workdays up to 10 hours per day within a 40-hour workweek, and would allow an employer to implement this schedule without the obligation to pay overtime compensation for those additional hours in a workday, except as specified. The bill would require that the flexible work schedule contain specified information and the employer's and the employee's original signature. The bill would also require the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement in the Department of Industrial Relations to enforce this provision and adopt regulations.</p>			<p>Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was L. &amp; E. on 1/28/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)</p>	
<p><a href="#">AB 247</a> <a href="#">Ramos</a> D</p>	<p>COVID-19 emergency: small businesses: nonprofit organizations: immunity from civil liability. Would exempt a small business or nonprofit organization with 100 or fewer employees from liability for an injury or illness to a consumer, as defined, due to coronavirus (COVID-19) based on a claim that the consumer contracted COVID-19 while at that small business or nonprofit organization, or due to the actions of that small business or nonprofit organization. The bill would require the small business or nonprofit organization, for this exemption to apply, to have implemented and substantially complied with all applicable state and local health laws, regulations, and protocols.</p>			<p>5/7/2021 - Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(3). (Last location was JUD. on 3/18/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2021)</p>	
<p><a href="#">AB 248</a> <a href="#">Choi</a> R</p>	<p>Income taxes: credits: cleaning and sanitizing supplies: COVID-19. Would allow a credit against the Personal Income Tax Law and the Corporation Tax Law for each taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2021, and before January 1, 2022, to a taxpayer that is a business with a physical location in the state in an amount equal to the costs paid or incurred by the qualified taxpayer during the taxable year for the purchase of cleaning and sanitizing supplies used at business locations in the state to prevent the transmission of the novel coronavirus (COVID-19).</p>			<p>3/22/2021 - In committee: Hearing postponed by committee.</p>	
<p><a href="#">AB 249</a> <a href="#">Choi</a> R</p>	<p>Income tax credits: research credit. The Personal Income Tax Law and the Corporation Tax Law, in modified conformity to a credit allowed by federal income tax laws, allow a credit against taxes imposed by those laws for increasing research activities. In general, the amount of the credit under those laws is equal to 15% of the excess of the qualified research expenses, as defined, for the taxable year over the base amount, as defined. Additionally, the Corporation Tax Law,</p>			<p>1/28/2021 - Referred to Com. on REV. &amp; TAX.</p>	



# TRI-COUNTY CHAMBER ALLIANCE

SAN LUIS OBISPO | SANTA BARBARA | VENTURA

	<p>in modified conformity to that credit allowed by federal income tax laws, allows a credit of 24% of the basic research payments, as defined. This bill would, under both laws for each taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2021, increase the amount of the credit to 20% of the excess of the qualified research expenses for the taxable year over the base amount. The bill would also, under the Corporation Tax Law for each taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2021, increase the amount of the credit for basic research payments to 30%.</p>				
<p><a href="#">AB 259</a> <a href="#">Davies R</a></p>	<p><b>Protecting Our Restaurants Tax Credit.</b> Would allow a credit under the Personal Income Tax Law for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2020, and before January 1, 2021, to a qualified taxpayer, as defined, in an amount equal to 50% of the annual fee paid or incurred by the qualified taxpayer for an alcohol license for a qualified establishment during that taxable year. The bill would also allow a credit under the Corporation Tax Law for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2020, and before January 1, 2021, to a qualified taxpayer, as defined, in an amount equal to 50% of the annual fee paid or incurred by an owner or operator of the qualified taxpayer for an alcohol license, as defined, during that taxable year.</p>	<p>Support</p>		<p>3/22/2021 - In committee: Hearing postponed by committee.</p>	
<p><a href="#">AB 281</a> <a href="#">Burke D</a></p>	<p>Personal income taxes: corporation taxes: gross income. Would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would bring California's tax treatment of covered Paycheck Protection Program loans into conformity with federal tax laws.</p>	<p>Support</p>		<p>5/7/2021 - Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(3). (Last location was PRINT on 1/21/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2021)</p>	
<p><a href="#">AB 310</a> <a href="#">Lee D</a></p>	<p>Wealth tax. Would, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2022, impose an annual tax at a rate of 1% of a resident of this state's worldwide net worth in excess of \$50,000,000, or in excess of \$25,000,000 in the case of a married taxpayer filing separately. The bill would also impose an additional tax at a rate of 0.5% of a resident's worldwide net worth in excess of \$1,000,000,000, or in excess of \$500,000,000 in the case of a married taxpayer filing separately. The bill would describe worldwide net worth with reference to specific federal provisions and would provide that worldwide net worth does not include specific assets, including personal property situated out of state, directly held real property, or liabilities</p>	<p>Oppose</p>		<p>4/6/2021 - Re-referred to Com. on REV. &amp; TAX.</p>	



# TRI-COUNTY CHAMBER ALLIANCE

SAN LUIS OBISPO | SANTA BARBARA | VENTURA

	related to directly held real property. The bill would also authorize the Franchise Tax Board to adopt regulations to carry out these provisions, including regulations regarding the valuation of certain assets that are not publicly traded.				
<a href="#">AB 364</a> <a href="#">Rodriguez</a> D	Foreign labor contractor registration: agricultural workers. Current law requires the Labor Commissioner to enforce and administer a program to register and supervise foreign labor contractors who perform foreign labor contracting activities to recruit or solicit foreign workers. Current law requires foreign labor contractors to register under the program, as prescribed, and imposes specific requirements relating to recruitment or solicitation for employment and relating to work contracts. Current law authorizes the commissioner to adopt regulations or policies and procedures to implement these provisions. Current law makes these provisions applicable only to nonagricultural workers, and exempts persons licensed as farm labor contractors, specified persons exempt from farm labor contractor licensing requirements, and employers of agricultural workers. This bill would delete those limitations.			5/20/2021 - Coauthors revised. From committee: Do pass. (Ayes 11. Noes 5.) (May 20). 5/24/2021 #54 ASSEMBLY SECOND READING FILE -- ASSEMBLY BILLS	
<a href="#">AB 380</a> <a href="#">Sevarto</a> R	Forestry: priority fuel reduction projects. Under the authority provided pursuant to the California Emergency Services Act, the Governor, on March 22, 2019, issued a proclamation of a state of emergency directing the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection to implement, without delay, fuel reduction projects identified using a methodology developed by the department to determine which communities are at greatest risk of wildfire based on best available science and socioeconomic factors and to identify projects that would reduce the risk of catastrophic wildfire, if completed. The proclamation of a state of emergency exempts those identified fuel reduction projects from various legal requirements, including, among others, requirements regarding public contracting for those projects, requirements for environmental review under the California Environmental Quality Act for those projects, and licensure requirements for individual conducting certain activities for those projects, as provided. This bill would require the department, before December 31, 2022, and before December 31 of each year thereafter, to identify priority fuel reduction projects, as provided.			4/30/2021 - Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was NAT. RES. on 2/12/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)	
<a href="#">AB 385</a>	Labor Code Private Attorneys General Act of 2004:			4/30/2021 - Failed	



# TRI-COUNTY CHAMBER ALLIANCE

SAN LUIS OBISPO | SANTA BARBARA | VENTURA

<p><a href="#">Flora R</a></p>	<p>Would prohibit an aggrieved employee from maintaining an action on behalf of themselves or any other aggrieved employee under the Labor Code Private Attorneys General Act of 2004 if certain conditions apply, including if the aggrieved employee has brought an action under the act in conjunction with, or in addition to, claims for monetary damages or penalties for violations of the Labor Code arising out of the same period of employment that occurred between March 4, 2020, and the state of emergency termination date, as defined.</p>			<p>Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was L. &amp; E. on 2/12/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)</p>	
<p><a href="#">AB 420 Quirk-Silva D</a></p>	<p><b>Public health: amusement parks and COVID-19.</b> On August 28, 2020, the executive branch implemented a 4-tier “Blueprint for a Safer Economy,” which identifies a county’s COVID-19 risk level for business operations on a scale from widespread risk to minimal risk. On October 20, 2020, the State Department of Public Health and the Division of Occupational Safety and Health issued a guidance document, “COVID-19 INDUSTRY GUIDANCE: Amusement Parks and Theme Parks,” which authorizes a small amusement park to operate at limited capacity when its county is in the moderate tier, and authorizes any other amusement park to operate at 25% capacity when its county is in the minimal tier. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature that the executive branch adjust the “COVID-19 INDUSTRY GUIDANCE: Amusement Parks and Theme Parks” document and place all amusement parks, regardless of size, within the moderate risk tier, rather than the minimal risk tier.</p>			<p>3/1/2021 - Re-referred to Com. on A.,E.,S.,T., &amp; I.M.</p>	
<p><a href="#">AB 513 Bigelow R</a></p>	<p><b>Employment: telecommuting employees.</b> Would authorize an employee working from home or a remote location not at the physical location of the employer to receive legally required notices and postings electronically and sign or acknowledge certain documents electronically. The bill would also authorize an employee who works from home or a remote location to have any wages due at the time of separation of employment mailed to the employee using the address the employer has on file for the employee for sending notices. The bill would require the wages to be deemed paid on the date of mailing.</p>	<p>Watch</p>		<p>5/7/2021 - Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(3). (Last location was L. &amp; E. on 2/18/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2021)</p>	
<p><a href="#">AB 530 Fong R</a></p>	<p><b>Labor Code Private Attorneys General Act of 2004: filing requirements.</b> The Labor Code Private Attorneys General Act of 2004 authorizes an aggrieved employee on behalf of the employee and other current or former employees to bring a civil action to recover specified civil penalties</p>	<p>Watch</p>		<p>4/30/2021 - Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was L. &amp; E.</p>	



# TRI-COUNTY CHAMBER ALLIANCE

SAN LUIS OBISPO | SANTA BARBARA | VENTURA

	<p>that would otherwise be assessed and collected by the Labor and Workforce Development Agency for the violation of certain provisions affecting employees. The act requires compliance with specified filing requirements by the aggrieved employee in order to bring the action, including providing notice to the agency and the employer with the specific provisions of the Labor Code alleged to have been violated, and the facts and theories that support the alleged violations. This bill would also require the aggrieved employee to inform the employer which specific violations of the code are being brought under each subdivision of the act and to inform the employer if statutory right to cure provisions apply.</p>			<p>on 2/18/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)</p>	
<p><a href="#">AB 534</a> <a href="#">Bonta D</a></p>	<p><b>Fishing: ropeless fishing gear.</b> Would require, on or before November 1, 2025, ropeless fishing gear, as determined by the Department of Fish and Wildlife, to be used when fishing in a national marine sanctuary and taking any species of fish for commercial or recreational purposes in any trap fishery, upon implementation of this requirement by the department and the Fish and Game Commission. The bill would require the department and the commission to promulgate regulations to implement the above requirement, including establishing a public process to certify fishing gear as ropeless and defining ropeless fishing gear as including only gear in which there is no static vertical buoy line. The bill would authorize the director to extend the November 1, 2025, implementation deadline for the above requirement by up to 2 years, by making findings that suitable ropeless fishing gear is not yet commercially available, as specified.</p>			<p>4/30/2021 - Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was W.,P. &amp; W. on 2/18/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)</p>	
<p><a href="#">AB 570</a> <a href="#">Santiago D</a></p>	<p><b>Dependent parent health care coverage.</b> Would require a group or individual health care service plan contract or health insurance policy issued, amended, or renewed on or after January 1, 2022, that provides dependent coverage to make that coverage available to a qualified dependent parent or stepparent. The bill would expand the definition of “dependent” for an individual or small employer health care service plan contract or health insurance policy to include a qualified dependent parent or stepparent. Because a willful violation of these provisions by a health care service plan would be a crime, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program. The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish</p>	<p>Oppose</p>		<p>5/20/2021 - From committee: Amend, and do pass as amended. (Ayes 12. Noes 4.) (May 20). 5/24/2021 #286 ASS EMBLY SECOND READING FILE -- ASSEMBLY BILLS</p>	



# TRI-COUNTY CHAMBER ALLIANCE

SAN LUIS OBISPO | SANTA BARBARA | VENTURA

	procedures for making that reimbursement. This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.				
<a href="#">AB 572</a> <a href="#">Kalra D</a>	<p><b>California Workforce Development Board: employment policies.</b> Current law establishes the California Workforce Development Board as the body responsible for assisting the Governor in the development, oversight, and continuous improvement of California's workforce investment system and the alignment of the education and workforce investment systems to the needs of the 21st century economy and workforce. This bill would require the board, upon appropriation of funds by the Legislature for this purpose, to establish and maintain an outreach, education, and certification program, with specified purposes, including training restaurant employees, managers, and employers to identify and address disparities in their workforce and implementing high-road employment policies that promote equity of income and career pathways for people of color, immigrants, women, and people who are transgender, nonbinary, or intersex.</p>			5/20/2021 - In committee: Hearing postponed by committee.	
<a href="#">AB 593</a> <a href="#">Petrie-Norris D</a>	<p><b>Income taxes: net operating losses: tax credits: research, development, and testing for diseases.</b> The Personal Income Tax Law and Corporation Tax Law generally authorize various credits against the taxes imposed by those laws. Current law provides that, except as specified, the total credits allowable under those laws may not reduce the taxes imposed by those laws by more than \$5,000,000, as provided, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2020, and before January 1, 2023. This bill, the Golden State Innovation Act of 2021, would, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2021, and before January 1, 2023, exclude a taxpayer that performs research and development in biotechnology, as described, from the above-described suspension of the deduction for net operating losses and the above-described limitation on the total credits allowable.</p>	Support		5/20/2021 - In committee: Held under submission.	
<a href="#">AB 616</a> <a href="#">Stone D</a>	<p><b>Agricultural labor relations: labor representative elections: representation ballot card election.</b> Current law requires the Agricultural Labor Relations Board to certify the results of an election conducted by secret ballot of employees in a collective bargaining unit to designate a collective bargaining representative, unless the board determines there are sufficient grounds to refuse to do so. Current law further provides that if the board refuses</p>	Oppose		5/19/2021 - Referred to Com. on L., P.E. & R.	



# TRI-COUNTY CHAMBER ALLIANCE

SAN LUIS OBISPO | SANTA BARBARA | VENTURA

	to certify an election because of employer misconduct that would render slight the chances of a new election reflecting the free and fair choice of employees, the labor organization shall be certified as the bargaining representative for the bargaining unit. This bill would refer to the secret ballot election as a polling place election.				
<a href="#">AB 632</a> <a href="#">Ramos D</a>	<p><b>Minimum franchise tax: small business fees.</b>            Would, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2022, and before January 1, 2027, reduce the minimum franchise tax, as provided, based on the gross receipts during the taxable year of the corporation but would continue to impose the current amount of the annual tax on corporations described above whose gross receipts exceed \$15,000,000 and on every limited partnership, limited liability partnership, and limited liability company doing business in this state. This bill would make findings specifying the goal, purpose, and objective of the tax expenditure provided by this bill and the performance indicator to be used and would require, on or before January 1, 2023, the Franchise Tax Board to submit an annual report to the Legislature on the effect of tax reduction on corporations that are small businesses in the state, as specified.</p>	Support		3/22/2021 - In committee: Hearing postponed by committee.	
<a href="#">AB 650</a> <a href="#">Muratsuchi D</a>	<p><b>Employer-provided benefits: health care workers: COVID-19: hazard pay retention bonuses.</b>            The Healthy Workplaces, Healthy Families Act of 2014 requires employers to provide an employee, who works in California for 30 or more days within a year from the commencement of employment, with paid sick days for prescribed purposes, to be accrued at a rate of no less than one hour for every 30 hours worked. Existing law authorizes an employer to limit an employee's use of paid sick days to 24 hours or 3 days in each year of employment. Current law charges the Labor Commissioner, who is the Chief of the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement, with enforcement of various labor laws. This bill, the Health Care Workers Recognition and Retention Act, would require a covered employer, as defined, to pay hazard pay retention bonuses in the prescribed amounts on January 1, 2022, April 1, 2022, July 1, 2022, and October 1, 2022, to each covered health care worker, as defined, that it employs.</p>	Oppose		5/20/2021 - From committee: Amend, and do pass as amended. (Ayes 9. Noes 1.) (May 20). 5/24/2021 #293 ASSEMBLY SECOND READING FILE -- ASSEMBLY BILLS	
<a href="#">AB 654</a> <a href="#">Reyes D</a>	<p><b>COVID-19: exposure: notification.</b>            Would require the State Department of Public Health to make workplace</p>			5/20/2021 - From committee: Amend,	



# TRI-COUNTY CHAMBER ALLIANCE

SAN LUIS OBISPO | SANTA BARBARA | VENTURA

	and industry information received from local public health departments available on its internet website in a manner that, among other things, allows the public to track the number of COVID-19 cases and outbreaks by both workplace and industry.			and do pass as amended. (Ayes 12. Noes 4.) (May 20). 5/24/2021 #295 ASS EMBLY SECOND READING FILE -- ASSEMBLY BILLS	
<a href="#">AB 664</a> <a href="#">Bigelow R</a>	<b>Taxation: Corporation Tax Law: annual tax: small businesses.</b> Would, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2020, suspend the payment requirement of the taxes imposed under the Corporation Tax Law and the annual tax for small businesses, as defined, until the state of emergency declared by the Governor on March 4, 2020, related to the COVID-19 virus, has ended. The bill would also suspend the accrual of any penalties or interest related to the payment of those taxes for the specified taxable years for small businesses.			3/22/2021 - In committee: Hearing postponed by committee.	
<a href="#">AB 701</a> <a href="#">Gonzalez, Lorena D</a>	<b>Warehouse distribution centers.</b> Current law relating to employment regulation and supervision imposes special provisions on certain occupations and industries. Current law charges the Labor Commissioner and the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement with the enforcement of labor laws. This bill, among other things, would require specified employers to provide to each employee, defined as a nonexempt employee who works at a warehouse distribution center, upon hire, with a written description of each quota to which the employee is subject, including the quantified number of tasks to be performed, or materials to be produced or handled, within the defined time period, and any potential adverse employment action that could result from failure to meet the quota.			5/20/2021 - Joint Rule 62(a), file notice suspended. From committee: Do pass. (Ayes 12. Noes 4.) (May 20). 5/24/2021 #114 ASS EMBLY SECOND READING FILE -- ASSEMBLY BILLS	
<a href="#">AB 743</a> <a href="#">Ramos D</a>	<b>Insurance: business interruption: coverage for COVID-19.</b> The California Emergency Services Act authorizes the Governor to declare a state of emergency during conditions of disaster or extreme peril to persons or property, including epidemics. Pursuant to this authority, on March 4, 2020, the Governor declared a state of emergency relating to the coronavirus 2019 (COVID-19) pandemic. This bill, with respect to a policy of insurance that provides coverage for business interruption, would create specified rebuttable presumptions affecting the burden of proof in a case in which the insured alleges that the business interruption			2/25/2021 - Referred to Com. on INS.	



# TRI-COUNTY CHAMBER ALLIANCE

SAN LUIS OBISPO | SANTA BARBARA | VENTURA

	<p>was due to the COVID-19 pandemic and occurred during the period of the state of emergency declared by the Governor due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Specifically, the bill would create certain rebuttable presumptions that COVID-19 was present on specified property and caused physical loss or damage to that property which was the direct cause of the business interruption.</p>				
<p><a href="#">AB 820</a> <a href="#">Cooley D</a></p>	<p><b>Corporation Tax Law: banks and financial corporations: exclusions: interest income.</b> Under the Corporation Tax Law, when the income of a taxpayer subject to a tax under the Corporation Tax Law is derived from or attributable to sources both within and without the state, the tax is required to be measured by the net income derived from or attributable to sources within the state in accordance with specified procedures. In the case of an apportioning trade or business that derives more than 50% of its gross business receipts from conducting one or more qualified business activities, which includes savings and loan activities and banking or financial business activities, business income is apportioned in accordance with a 3-factor formula. Under the 3-factor formula, the specified apportioning trade or business is required to multiply business income by a fraction, the numerator of which is the property factor plus the payroll factor plus the sales factor, and the denominator of which is 3. Current law requires any bill authorizing a new tax expenditure to contain, among other things, specific goals, purposes, and objectives the tax expenditure will achieve, detailed performance indicators, and data collection requirements. This bill would require, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2021, a qualified taxpayer that apportions its business income under the 3-factor formula described above to exclude the amount of qualified interest income from its calculation of the sales factor under the 3-factor formula.</p>			<p>3/22/2021 - Re-referred to Com. on REV. &amp; TAX.</p>	
<p><a href="#">AB 842</a> <a href="#">Garcia,</a> <a href="#">Cristina D</a></p>	<p><b>California Circular Economy and Plastic Pollution Reduction Act.</b> Would enact the California Circular Economy and Plastic Pollution Reduction Act, which would establish a comprehensive regulatory scheme for producers, retailers, and wholesalers of single-use packaging, as defined, and single-use products, as defined, made partially or entirely of plastic, to be administered by the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery. The bill would require producers, within 6 months of the</p>			<p>4/30/2021 - Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was NAT. RES. on 3/18/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)</p>	



# TRI-COUNTY CHAMBER ALLIANCE

SAN LUIS OBISPO | SANTA BARBARA | VENTURA

	<p>department’s adoption of regulations to implement the act, to individually, or to collectively form or join a stewardship organization that will, develop, finance, and implement a convenient and cost-effective program to source reduce, recover, and recycle single-use packaging and single-use products discarded in the state, and develop and submit to the department a stewardship plan, annual report, and budget, as prescribed.</p>				
<p><a href="#">AB 896</a> <a href="#">Bennett</a> D</p>	<p><b>Oil and gas wells: hazardous or idle-deserted wells and facilities: liens: collections unit.</b> Current law establishes the Geologic Energy Management Division in the Department of Conservation, under the direction of the State Oil and Gas Supervisor, who is required to supervise the drilling, operation, maintenance, and abandonment of wells and the operation, maintenance, and removal or abandonment of tanks and facilities related to oil and gas production within an oil and gas field, so as to prevent damage to life, health, property, and natural resources. This bill would authorize the supervisor to impose a claim and lien upon the real property in the state owned by any operator or responsible party under specified conditions and in specified amounts. The bill would require the supervisor, on or before July 1, 2022, to establish a collections unit within the division to be responsible for: (1) collection of unpaid idle well fees from an operator, (2) establishing the timelines and criteria for determining if a well has been deserted, and (3) locating or collecting any costs from the operator or responsible party for a well that has been deserted or ordered to undergo well integrity testing or to be plugged and abandoned by the supervisor.</p>			<p>5/20/2021 - From committee: <b>Do pass.</b> (Ayes 12. Noes 4.) (May 20). 5/24/2021 #138 ASS EMBLY SECOND READING FILE -- ASSEMBLY BILLS</p>	
<p><a href="#">AB 906</a> <a href="#">Carrillo</a> D</p>	<p><b>Zero-emission trucks: tax and fee exemptions.</b> Current sales and use tax laws impose a tax on retailers measured by the gross receipts from the sale of tangible personal property sold at retail in this state, or on the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of tangible personal property purchased from a retailer for storage, use, or other consumption in this state. Those laws provide various exemptions from those taxes. This bill would exempt from those taxes, on and after January 1, 2022, the gross receipts from the sale in this state of, and the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of, fuel for the operation of a zero-emission medium- or heavy-duty truck that is the subject of a lease entered into after July 1, 2022, with specified characteristics.</p>			<p>4/30/2021 - <b>Failed</b> Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was REV. &amp; TAX on 2/25/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)</p>	



# TRI-COUNTY CHAMBER ALLIANCE

SAN LUIS OBISPO | SANTA BARBARA | VENTURA

<p><a href="#">AB 915</a> <a href="#">Chiu D</a></p>	<p>Small and disadvantaged business enterprises. Current law requires each state agency that significantly regulates or impacts small business to designate at least one person to serve as a small business liaison for the agency. Current law requires the small business liaison to be responsible for, among other things, receiving and responding to complaints received by the agency from small businesses and assisting in ensuring that the procurement and contracting processes of the entity are administered in order to meet or exceed the goal of 25% small business participation. This bill would also require the small business liaison to develop an “economic equity first” action plan and policy for the agency to provide, among other things, direction, recommendations, and strategies as to how to ensure that disadvantaged business enterprises are effectively involved and benefiting from the procurement process of the agency.</p>			<p>5/20/2021 - Joint Rule 62(a), file notice suspended. Coauthors revised. From committee: Do pass. (Ayes 14. Noes 0.) (May 20). 5/24/2021 #141 ASS EMBLY SECOND READING FILE -- ASSEMBLY BILLS</p>	
<p><a href="#">AB 927</a> <a href="#">Medina D</a></p>	<p>Public postsecondary education: community colleges: statewide baccalaureate degree program. Would extend the operation of the statewide baccalaureate degree pilot program indefinitely. The bill would remove the requirements that the program consist of a maximum of 15 community college district programs and for a student to commence a program by the end of the 2022–23 academic year. The bill would require a community college district seeking approval to offer a baccalaureate degree program to provide evidence of unmet workforce needs to the Chancellor of the California Community Colleges, as provided.</p>			<p>5/20/2021 - From committee: Do pass. (Ayes 16. Noes 0.) (May 20). 5/24/2021 #144 ASS EMBLY SECOND READING FILE -- ASSEMBLY BILLS</p>	
<p><a href="#">AB 940</a> <a href="#">McCarty D</a></p>	<p>College Mental Health Services Program. Would amend Proposition 63 by appropriating \$20,000,000 annually from the administrative account of the Mental Health Services Fund to the University of California, if the University of California chooses to accept the moneys, the California State University, and the California Community Colleges, as specified, to implement the College Mental Health Services Program. The bill would require those funds to be used for the purpose of funding programs to increase campus student mental health services and mental health-related education and training. The bill would require campuses that participate in the program to report on the use of those grant funds, as specified, and to post that information on their internet websites.</p>			<p>5/20/2021 - In committee: Held under submission.</p>	



# TRI-COUNTY CHAMBER ALLIANCE

SAN LUIS OBISPO | SANTA BARBARA | VENTURA

<p><a href="#">AB 995</a> <a href="#">Gonzalez,</a> <a href="#">Lorena D</a></p>	<p><b>Paid sick days: accrual and use.</b> Current law authorizes an employer to use a different accrual method as long as an employee has no less than 24 hours of accrued sick leave or paid time off by the 120th calendar day of employment or each calendar year, or in each 12-month period. Current law also provides that an employer may satisfy the accrual requirements by providing not less than 24 hours or 3 days of paid sick leave that is available to the employee to use by the completion of the employee's 120th calendar day of employment. This bill would modify the employer's alternate sick leave accrual method to require that an employee have no less than 40 hours of accrued sick leave or paid time off by the 200th calendar day of employment or each calendar year, or in each 12-month period.</p>	<p>Oppose</p>		<p>5/20/2021 - From committee: <b>Do pass.</b> (Ayes 12. Noes 4.) (May 20). 5/24/2021 #154 ASS EMBLY SECOND READING FILE -- ASSEMBLY BILLS</p>	
<p><a href="#">AB 1003</a> <a href="#">Gonzalez,</a> <a href="#">Lorena D</a></p>	<p><b>Wage theft: grand theft.</b> Current law defines the crime of grand theft as theft committed when the money, labor, or real or personal property taken is of a value exceeding \$950. Under existing law, grand theft is punishable either as a misdemeanor by imprisonment in a county jail for up to 1 year or as a felony by imprisonment in county jail for 16 months or 2 or 3 years, by a specified fine, or by a fine and that imprisonment. This bill would make the intentional theft of wages including gratuities, in an amount greater than \$950 from any one employee, or \$2,350 in the aggregate from 2 or more employees, by an employer in any consecutive 12-month period punishable as grand theft. The bill would authorize wages, gratuities, benefits, or other compensation that are the subject of a prosecution under these provisions to be recovered in a civil action by the employee or the Labor Commissioner. This bill would specify that, for the purposes of these provisions, independent contractors are included within the meaning of employee and hiring entities of independent contractors are included within the meaning of employer.</p>			<p>5/20/2021 - From committee: <b>Do pass.</b> (Ayes 16. Noes 0.) (May 20). 5/24/2021 #156 ASS EMBLY SECOND READING FILE -- ASSEMBLY BILLS</p>	
<p><a href="#">AB 1028</a> <a href="#">Sevarto R</a></p>	<p><b>Telework Flexibility Act.</b> Current law, with various exceptions, generally establishes 8 hours as a day's work and a 40-hour workweek and requires the payment of prescribed overtime compensation for additional hours worked. This bill would permit an individual nonexempt employee to request an employee-selected remote work flexible work schedule providing for workdays up to 10 hours per day within a 40-hour workweek and would allow an</p>	<p>Watch</p>		<p>4/30/2021 - Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was L. &amp; E. on 3/4/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)</p>	



# TRI-COUNTY CHAMBER ALLIANCE

SAN LUIS OBISPO | SANTA BARBARA | VENTURA

	employer to implement this schedule without the obligation to pay overtime compensation for those additional hours in a workday, except as specified.				
<a href="#">AB 1033</a> <a href="#">Bauer-Kahan</a> D	<p><b>California Family Rights Act: parent-in-law: small employer family leave mediation: pilot program.</b></p> <p>Current law, the Moore-Brown-Roberti Family Rights Act, commonly known as the California Family Rights Act, which is a part of FEHA, makes it an unlawful employment practice for an employer, as defined, to refuse to grant a request by an eligible employee to take up to 12 workweeks of unpaid protected leave during any 12-month period for family care and medical leave, as specified. Current law defines family care and medical leave to include, among other things, leave to care for a parent. This bill would additionally include leave to care for a parent-in-law within the definition of family care and medical leave, and would make other conforming changes.</p>			<p>5/20/2021 - From committee: Do pass. (Ayes 16. Noes 0.) (May 20). 5/24/2021 #160 ASS EMBLY SECOND READING FILE -- ASSEMBLY BILLS</p>	
<a href="#">AB 1041</a> <a href="#">Wicks</a> D	<p><b>Employment: leave.</b></p> <p>Would expand the population that an employee can take leave to care for to include a designated person. The bill would define “designated person” to mean a person identified by the employee at the time the employee requests family care and medical leave. The bill would authorize an employer to limit designation of a person, as prescribed.</p>	Oppose		<p>5/20/2021 - From committee: Do pass. (Ayes 12. Noes 4.) (May 20). 5/24/2021 #164 ASS EMBLY SECOND READING FILE -- ASSEMBLY BILLS</p>	
<a href="#">AB 1070</a> <a href="#">Irwin</a> D	<p><b>Alcoholic beverage gift restrictions: exceptions: advertising umbrellas.</b></p> <p>Under the Alcoholic Beverage Control Act, current law generally prohibits a licensee from giving any premium, gift, or free goods in connection with the sale or distribution of any alcoholic beverage, except as provided by departmental rules or as otherwise authorized. As an exception to this prohibition, current law authorizes a beer manufacturer, without direct or indirect charge, to give up to 5 cases of retail advertising glassware to an on-sale retail licensee, per licensed location, each calendar year for use at the licensed location, as specified. This bill, until January 1, 2025, would authorize specified licensees or their designated representatives, without direct or indirect charge, to give up to 12 retail advertising umbrellas to an on-sale retail licensee, per licensed location, each calendar year for use at the location. The bill would prohibit the</p>			<p>5/20/2021 - From committee: Amend, and do pass as amended. (Ayes 16. Noes 0.) (May 20). 5/24/2021 #338 ASS EMBLY SECOND READING FILE -- ASSEMBLY BILLS</p>	



# TRI-COUNTY CHAMBER ALLIANCE

SAN LUIS OBISPO | SANTA BARBARA | VENTURA

	retail advertising umbrellas from exceeding the value of \$150 per unit and would prescribe other requirements in this regard.				
<a href="#">AB 1074</a> <a href="#">Gonzalez,</a> <a href="#">Lorena D</a>	<p><b>Employment: displaced workers.</b> Current law establishes the Displaced Janitor Opportunity Act, which requires contractors and subcontractors, as defined, that are awarded contracts or subcontracts to provide janitorial or building maintenance services at a particular jobsite or sites, to retain, for a period of 60 days, certain employees who were employed at that site by the previous contractor or subcontractor, and offered continued employment if their performance during that 60-day period is satisfactory. Existing law authorizes an employee who was not retained, or the employee’s agent, to bring an enforcement action in a court of competent jurisdiction, as specified. Current law charges the Labor Commissioner, as Chief of the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement, with enforcing these provisions. This bill would rename the act the Displaced Janitor and Hotel Worker Opportunity Act and would extend the provisions of the act to hotel workers. The bill would redefine “awarding authority” under the act to include any person that awards or otherwise enters into contracts for hotel services including guest service, food and beverage or cleaning performed within the state, as specified.</p>	Oppose		5/6/2021 - Read second time. Ordered to third reading. 5/24/2021 #410 ASS EMBLY THIRD READING FILE - ASSEMBLY BILLS	
<a href="#">AB 1084</a> <a href="#">Low D</a>	<p><b>Gender neutral retail departments.</b> Would require a retail department store with 500 or more employees that sells childcare items, children’s clothing, or toys, to maintain a gender neutral section or area, to be labeled at the discretion of the retailer, in which a reasonable selection of the items, articles, and toys for children that it sells shall be displayed, regardless of whether they have been traditionally marketed for either girls or for boys.</p>			5/20/2021 - From committee: Do pass. (Ayes 10. Noes 4.) (May 20). 5/24/2021 #169 ASS EMBLY SECOND READING FILE -- ASSEMBLY BILLS	
<a href="#">AB 1119</a> <a href="#">Wicks D</a>	<p><b>Employment discrimination.</b> The California Fair Employment and Housing Act (FEHA), protects the right to seek, obtain, and hold employment without discrimination because of prescribed characteristics. FEHA makes various employment practices unlawful and empowers the Department of Fair Employment and Housing to investigate and prosecute complaints alleging unlawful practices. This bill would expand the protected characteristics to include family responsibilities, defined to mean the obligations of an employee to</p>	Oppose		5/20/2021 - In committee: Hearing postponed by committee.	



# TRI-COUNTY CHAMBER ALLIANCE

SAN LUIS OBISPO | SANTA BARBARA | VENTURA

	provide direct and ongoing care for a minor child or a care recipient. The bill would define additional terms for this purpose.				
<a href="#">AB 1146</a> <a href="#">Cervantes D</a>	<p><b>California Small Business Rent Relief Act.</b>            Would enact the California Small Business Rent Relief Act, which would authorize a county to establish a local small business rent forgiveness and tax relief program, as provided, for the purpose of providing credits to qualified taxpayers, as defined, to be used against any tax or fee owed to the county by the qualified taxpayer, and for which the county has authority to collect a credit in lieu of cash. The bill would authorize the bank to establish the California Small Business Rent Forgiveness and Tax Relief Program, as provided, for the purpose of providing grants to qualified counties, as defined, to implement a small business rent forgiveness and tax relief program. The bill would create the Small Business Rent Forgiveness and Tax Relief Account within the California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank Fund, for the purpose of receiving moneys transferred to the account, and would require all moneys in the account to be available for expenditure, upon appropriation by the Legislature, for the purpose of implementing the California Small Business Rent Forgiveness and Tax Relief Program.</p>			4/30/2021 - Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was REV. & TAX on 4/13/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)	
<a href="#">AB 1179</a> <a href="#">Carrillo D</a>	<p><b>Employer provided benefit: backup childcare.</b>            Would require an employer to provide an employee, on or after January 1, 2022, who works in California for the same employer for 30 or more days within a year from the commencement of employment, with up to 60 hours of paid backup childcare benefits, to be accrued and used as provided. The bill would define “backup childcare” as childcare provided by a qualified backup childcare provider to the employee’s child when the employee’s regular childcare provider cannot be utilized, and “paid backup childcare” as an employee benefit consisting of the employer paying for a qualified backup childcare provider to provide backup childcare for an employee’s child that is compensated at the state minimum wage or the federal minimum wage, whichever is higher.</p>	Oppose		5/20/2021 - In committee: Hearing postponed by committee.	
<a href="#">AB 1192</a> <a href="#">Kalra D</a>	<p><b>Employment information: worker metrics.</b>            Current law establishes within the Labor and Workforce Development Agency the Department of Industrial Relations, one of the purposes of which is to foster, promote, and develop the welfare of the wage earners of California, to improve their working conditions, and to advance their</p>	Oppose		5/20/2021 - From committee: Do pass. (Ayes 12. Noes 4.) (May 20). 5/24/2021 #189 ASS	



# TRI-COUNTY CHAMBER ALLIANCE

SAN LUIS OBISPO | SANTA BARBARA | VENTURA

	<p>opportunities for profitable employment. This bill would establish a program in, and administered by, the agency and would require employers with more than 1,000 employees in California, as provided, to submit various statistics regarding those employees to the agency. The bill would further require the agency to collect the worker-related statistics annually and, after collection, to assign each employer to one of the 24 industries in the Global Industry Classification Standard system.</p>			<p>EMBLY SECOND READING FILE -- ASSEMBLY BILLS</p>	
<p><a href="#">AB 1218</a> <a href="#">McCarty D</a></p>	<p><b>Motor vehicle greenhouse gas emissions standards: civil penalty: Equitable Access to Zero-Emissions Vehicles Fund.</b> Would declare that, to help achieve the state's climate and air quality goals and mandates, it is the goal of the state that 100% of new passenger and light-duty vehicle sales are zero-emission vehicles by 2035. The bill, on and after January 1, 2023, would require the total passenger vehicles and light-duty trucks sold by a manufacturer in the state in a calendar year to meet specified greenhouse gas emissions standards pursuant to a tiered plan that would require the total passenger vehicles and light-duty trucks to meet, on average, in the 2030 calendar year a greenhouse gas emissions standard that is 60% below the average greenhouse gas emissions level for those classes of vehicles in the 2020 calendar year.</p>	<p>Watch</p>		<p>4/20/2021 - From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 8. Noes 5.) (April 19). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.</p>	
<p><a href="#">AB 1242</a> <a href="#">Bauer-Kahan D</a></p>	<p><b>Alcoholic beverages: bona fide public eating place: off-sale privileges.</b> Would authorize a bona fide public eating place holding an on-sale general license or a bona fide public eating place holding an on-sale license for beer and wine to exercise additional off-sale rights and privileges, subject to specified requirements. The bill would repeal this authorization 2 years after the end of the state of emergency proclaimed by the Governor on March 4, 2020, in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. The bill would authorize a licensee to sell alcoholic beverages for off-sale consumption for which their license permits on-sale consumption if the beverages are in manufacturer prepackaged containers.</p>	<p>Support</p>		<p>5/20/2021 - From committee: Amend, and do pass as amended. (Ayes 12. Noes 0.) (May 20). 5/24/2021 #352 ASS EMBLY SECOND READING FILE -- ASSEMBLY BILLS</p>	
<p><a href="#">AB 1253</a> <a href="#">Santiago D</a></p>	<p><b>Personal income taxes: additional tax.</b> The Personal Income Tax Law and California Constitution impose taxes based upon taxable income of individuals, estates, and trusts at specified rates. This bill, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2021, in addition to those taxes, would impose an additional tax of at the rates of 1%, 3%, and 3.5% on that portion of a taxpayer's taxable income over</p>			<p>3/26/2021 - Re-referred to Com. on REV. &amp; TAX.</p>	



# TRI-COUNTY CHAMBER ALLIANCE

SAN LUIS OBISPO | SANTA BARBARA | VENTURA

	specified thresholds, as provided.				
<a href="#">AB 1287</a> <a href="#">Bauer-Kahan</a> D	<p><b>Price discrimination: gender.</b> Would prohibit a person, firm, partnership, company, corporation, or business from charging a different price for any 2 goods that are substantially similar, as defined, if those goods are priced differently based on the gender of the individuals for whom the goods are marketed and intended. The bill would authorize the Attorney General to seek an injunction to enjoin and restrain the continuance of those violations, and would authorize the court, in addition to granting the injunction, to impose a civil penalty not to exceed \$250 for a first violation, and a civil penalty not to exceed \$500 for each subsequent violation.</p>			5/20/2021 - In committee: Hearing postponed by committee.	
<a href="#">AB 1313</a> <a href="#">Bigelow</a> R	<p><b>COVID-19: immunity from civil liability.</b> Would exempt a business, as defined, from liability for an injury or illness to a person due to coronavirus (COVID-19) based on a claim that the person contracted COVID-19 while at that business, or due to the actions of that business, if the business has substantially complied with all applicable state and local health laws, regulations, and protocols. The bill would define a business to include a sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation, association, or other group, including a nonprofit organization, as specified. The bill would not permit this exception to apply if the injury or illness resulted from a grossly negligent act or omission, willful or wanton misconduct, or unlawful discrimination by the business or an employee of the business. The bill would include related legislative findings.</p>			3/4/2021 - Referred to Com. on JUD.	
<a href="#">AB 1319</a> <a href="#">Gonzalez-Lorena</a> D	<p><b>The Cooperative Economy Act.</b> Current law creates in the Department of Industrial Relations, the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement. Under current law, the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement is under the direction of the Labor Commissioner, who is authorized to investigate employee complaints and charged with the enforcement of labor laws. This bill would require the Labor Commissioner to organize, and members to maintain, a corporation under the Nonprofit Mutual Benefit Corporation Law named the “Federation of California Worker Cooperatives” (federation) or a substantially similar name. The bill would require the federation to function as a membership organization for worker cooperatives. This bill would require the Governor to appoint the initial</p>			5/20/2021 - Joint Rule 62(a), file notice suspended. In committee: Hearing postponed by committee.	



# TRI-COUNTY CHAMBER ALLIANCE

SAN LUIS OBISPO | SANTA BARBARA | VENTURA

	board of directors, to serve for one year or until the first regular meeting of the members, whichever comes later.				
<a href="#">AB 1400</a> <a href="#">Kalra D</a>	<p><b>Guaranteed Health Care for All.</b> The Knox-Keene Health Care Service Plan Act of 1975, provides for the licensure and regulation of health care service plans by the Department of Managed Health Care. Current law provides for the regulation of health insurers by the Department of Insurance. Current law provides for the Medi-Cal program, which is administered by the State Department of Health Care Services, under which qualified low-income individuals receive health care services. The Medi-Cal program is, in part, governed and funded by federal Medicaid program provisions. This bill, the California Guaranteed Health Care for All Act, would create the California Guaranteed Health Care for All program, or CalCare, to provide comprehensive universal single-payer health care coverage and a health care cost control system for the benefit of all residents of the state.</p>	Oppose		4/30/2021 - Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was PRINT on 2/19/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)	
<a href="#">AB 1468</a> <a href="#">Cunningham R</a>	<p><b>Prior authorization.</b> Would require a health care service plan or health insurer that implements an automated prior authorization system to use evidence-based clinical guidelines to program the system and to make the algorithms used for the system available for download on the plan's or insurer's provider internet website. The bill would require a plan or insurer that implements an automated prior authorization system to ensure that a licensed physician or a licensed health care professional makes the decision to deny or modify a request by examining the request specific to the enrollee or insured and does not simply ratify an automated response.</p>			5/20/2021 - In committee: Held under submission.	
<a href="#">AB 1547</a> <a href="#">Reves D</a>	<p><b>Air pollution: warehouse facilities.</b> Current law regulates the emissions of air pollution. Current law designates air pollution control districts and air quality management districts as having the primary responsibility for the control of air pollution from all sources other than vehicular sources, subject to the powers and duties of the State Air Resources Board. Existing law designates the state board as having the primary responsibility for the control of air pollution from vehicular sources. This bill would authorize the State Air Resources Board to regulate indirect sources, as defined.</p>	Oppose		4/30/2021 - Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was NAT. RES. on 3/25/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)	



# TRI-COUNTY CHAMBER ALLIANCE

SAN LUIS OBISPO | SANTA BARBARA | VENTURA

<p><a href="#">ACA 1</a> <a href="#">Aguiar-Curry</a> D</p>	<p><b>Local government financing: affordable housing and public infrastructure: voter approval.</b> The California Constitution prohibits the ad valorem tax rate on real property from exceeding 1% of the full cash value of the property, subject to certain exceptions. This measure would create an additional exception to the 1% limit that would authorize a city, county, city and county, or special district to levy an ad valorem tax to service bonded indebtedness incurred to fund the construction, reconstruction, rehabilitation, or replacement of public infrastructure, affordable housing, or permanent supportive housing, or the acquisition or lease of real property for those purposes, if the proposition proposing that tax is approved by 55% of the voters of the city, county, or city and county, as applicable, and the proposition includes specified accountability requirements.</p>	<p>Oppose</p>		<p>4/22/2021 - Referred to Coms. on L. GOV. and APPR.</p>	
<p><a href="#">ACA 8</a> <a href="#">Lee</a> D</p>	<p><b>Wealth tax: appropriation limits.</b> Would authorize the Legislature to impose a tax upon all forms of personal property or wealth, whether tangible or intangible, and would require any tax so imposed to be administered and collected by the Franchise Tax Board and the Office of the Attorney General as provided in statute. The measure would authorize the Legislature to classify any form of personal property or wealth for differential taxation or for exemption by a majority vote.</p>	<p>Oppose</p>		<p>3/23/2021 - From printer. May be heard in committee April 22.</p>	
<p><a href="#">SB 5</a> <a href="#">Atkins</a> D</p>	<p><b>Affordable Housing Bond Act of 2022.</b> Would enact the Affordable Housing Bond Act of 2022, which, if adopted, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$6,500,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law. Proceeds from the sale of these bonds would be used to fund affordable rental housing and homeownership programs. The bill would state the intent of the Legislature to determine the allocation of those funds to specific programs. This bill would provide for submission of the bond act to the voters at the November 8, 2022, statewide general election in accordance with specified law.</p>			<p>3/18/2021 - Re-referred to Coms. on HOUSING and GOV. &amp; F.</p>	
<p><a href="#">SB 12</a> <a href="#">McGuire</a> D</p>	<p><b>Local government: planning and zoning: wildfires.</b> Current law requires that the Office of Planning and Research, among other things, coordinate with appropriate entities, including state, regional, or local agencies, to establish a clearinghouse for climate adaptation information for use by state, regional, and local entities, as</p>	<p>Input Needed</p>		<p>5/20/2021 - From committee: Do pass. (Ayes 5. Noes 2.) (May 20). Read second time. Ordered</p>	



# TRI-COUNTY CHAMBER ALLIANCE

SAN LUIS OBISPO | SANTA BARBARA | VENTURA

	<p>provided. This bill would require the safety element, upon the next revision of the housing element or the hazard mitigation plan, on or after July 1, 2024, whichever occurs first, to be reviewed and updated as necessary to include a comprehensive retrofit strategy to reduce the risk of property loss and damage during wildfires, as specified, and would require the planning agency to submit the adopted strategy to the Office of Planning and Research for inclusion into the above-described clearinghouse.</p>			<p>to third reading. 5/24/2021 #181 SEN ATE SENATE BILLS -THIRD READING FILE</p>	
<p><a href="#">SB 25</a> <a href="#">Hurtado</a> D</p>	<p><b>Oil and gas: well stimulation treatments: earthquake and leak monitoring and reporting.</b> Would express the intent of the Legislature in enacting this legislation to (1) strengthen the regulatory review process for well stimulation treatment projects to protect public health and safety, and the environment, while protecting the livelihoods of essential workers in the San Joaquin Valley, and (2) ensure that any jobs or economic activity affected by the strengthening of the regulatory review process for well stimulation treatment projects are fully compensated for, and retained, in order to ensure the employees and communities affected by these actions are not adversely affected. The bill would require the operator of a well, from the commencement of hydraulic fracturing until 30 days after the end of the hydraulic fracturing on the well, to monitor the California Integrated Seismic Network for indication of an earthquake of magnitude 2.7 or greater occurring within a radius of 5 times the axial dimensional stimulation area.</p>			<p>4/30/2021 - Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was N.R. &amp; W. on 3/18/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)</p>	
<p><a href="#">SB 30</a> <a href="#">Cortese</a> D</p>	<p><b>Building decarbonization.</b> Would, on or after January 1, 2022, prohibit a state agency from designing or constructing a state facility that is connected to the natural gas grid. The bill would require the department to develop the California State Building Decarbonization Plan that will lead to the operational carbon-neutrality of all state-owned buildings by January 1, 2035. The bill would, except as provided, prohibit state agencies from providing funding or other support for projects for the construction of residential and nonresidential buildings that are connected to the natural gas grid.</p>			<p>4/30/2021 - Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was G.O. on 1/28/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)</p>	
<p><a href="#">SB 31</a> <a href="#">Cortese</a> D</p>	<p><b>Building decarbonization.</b> Would require the Energy Commission to identify and implement programs to promote existing and new building decarbonization, as</p>			<p>5/10/2021 - May 10 hearing: Placed on APPR suspense file.</p>	



# TRI-COUNTY CHAMBER ALLIANCE

SAN LUIS OBISPO | SANTA BARBARA | VENTURA

	<p>defined. The bill would, to the extent clean energy or energy efficiency funds are made available from the federal government to address economic recovery and development due to the COVID-19 pandemic, authorize the Energy Commission to expend federal moneys, to the extent authorized by federal law, for projects for existing and new building decarbonization. The bill would expressly require the Energy Commission, under the EPIC program, to award funds for projects for the development and deployment of commercial and residential building decarbonization technologies and investments that reduce or eliminate greenhouse gas generation in those buildings, as specified.</p>				
<p><a href="#">SB 32</a> <a href="#">Cortese D</a></p>	<p>Energy: general plan: building decarbonization requirements. Would require a city or county to make, commencing January 1, 2023, a one-time amendment to the appropriate elements of its general plan, climate action or greenhouse gas emissions reduction plan, or building or other codes, as described, to include goals, policies, objectives, targets, and feasible implementation strategies, as specified, to decarbonize newly constructed, as defined, commercial and residential buildings. The bill would require a city or county to submit these draft amendments to the commission at least 45 days prior to the adoption of the amendments. The bill would require the legislative body of the city or county to consider the commission’s advisory comments, if any, prior to adopting the amendments.</p>			<p>5/20/2021 - May 20 hearing: Held in committee and under submission.</p>	
<p><a href="#">SB 49</a> <a href="#">Umberg D</a></p>	<p>Income taxes: credits: California Fair Fees Tax Credit. The Personal Income Tax Law and the Corporation Tax Law allow various credits against the taxes imposed by those laws. This bill would allow a credit against those taxes for each taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2021, and before January 1, 2026, to a taxpayer that meets certain criteria, including that the taxpayer temporarily ceased business operations for at least 30 consecutive days during the taxable year in response to an emergency order, as defined. The amount of credit would vary based on the number of consecutive days the qualified taxpayer has ceased business operations during the taxable year, with a maximum amount of \$6,000 if the qualified taxpayer has temporarily ceased business operations for at least 180 consecutive days, as provided.</p>	<p>Support</p>		<p>5/20/2021 - From committee: Do pass. (Ayes 7. Noes 0.) (May 20). Read second time. Ordered to third reading. 5/24/2021 #253 SEN ATE SENATE BILLS -THIRD READING FILE</p>	
<p><a href="#">SB 54</a> <a href="#">Allen D</a></p>	<p>Plastic Pollution Producer Responsibility Act. Would establish the Plastic Pollution Producer Responsibility Act, which</p>			<p>5/20/2021 - Ordered to inactive file on</p>	



# TRI-COUNTY CHAMBER ALLIANCE

SAN LUIS OBISPO | SANTA BARBARA | VENTURA

	would prohibit producers of single-use, disposable packaging or single-use, disposable food service ware products from offering for sale, selling, distributing, or importing in or into the state such packaging or products that are manufactured on or after January 1, 2032, unless they are recyclable or compostable.			request of Senator Allen.	
<a href="#">SB 74</a> <a href="#">Borgeas R</a>	<b>Keep California Working Act.</b> Currentlaw establishes the Office of Small Business Advocate within the Governor’s Office of Business and Economic Development for the purpose of advocating for the causes of small business and to provide small businesses with the information they need to survive in the marketplace. This bill, the Keep California Working Act, would establish the Keep California Working Grant Program. The act would require the Small Business Advocate to administer the program and award grants, as specified, to small businesses and nonprofit entities that meet specified criteria, including that the entity has experienced economic hardship resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic			3/11/2021 - Set for hearing April 19. April 19 set for first hearing canceled at the request of author. From committee with author's amendments. Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on B., P. & E.D.	
<a href="#">SB 104</a> <a href="#">McGuire D</a>	<b>Elective tax: partnership: “S” corporation: credit.</b> Would, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2021, and before January 1, 2026, authorize a partnership or “S” corporation that meets certain other requirements to elect to pay an elective tax at a rate based on its net income, as specified, for the taxable year. The bill would authorize the Franchise Tax Board to adopt regulations to implement the elective tax and exempt those regulations from the rulemaking provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act. The bill, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2021, and before January 1, 2026, would allow a credit against the personal income tax to a taxpayer, other than a partnership, that is a partner, shareholder, or member of an entity that elects to pay the elective tax authorized by the bill, in an amount equal to a specified percentage of the partner’s, shareholder’s, or member’s pro rata share or distributive share, as applicable, of income subject to the elective tax paid by the entity.	Support		5/20/2021 - May 20 hearing: Held in committee and under submission.	
<a href="#">SB 213</a> <a href="#">Cortese D</a>	<b>Workers’ compensation: hospital employees.</b> Current law, until January 1, 2023, creates a rebuttable presumption of injury for various employees, including an employee who works at a health facility, as defined, to include an illness or death resulting from	Oppose		5/20/2021 - From committee: Do pass. (Ayes 5. Noes 2.) (May 20). Read	



# TRI-COUNTY CHAMBER ALLIANCE

SAN LUIS OBISPO | SANTA BARBARA | VENTURA

	<p>COVID-19, if specified circumstances apply. This bill would define “injury,” for a hospital employee who provides direct patient care in an acute care hospital, to include infectious diseases, cancer, musculoskeletal injuries, post-traumatic stress disorder, and respiratory diseases. The bill would create rebuttable presumptions that these injuries that develop or manifest in a hospital employee who provides direct patient care in an acute care hospital arose out of and in the course of the employment. The bill would extend these presumptions for specified time periods after the hospital employee’s termination of employment. Beginning January 1, 2023, the bill would include COVID-19 in the definitions of infectious and respiratory diseases.</p>			<p>second time. Ordered to third reading. 5/24/2021 #192 SENATE SENATE BILLS - THIRD READING FILE</p>	
<p><a href="#">SB 260</a> <a href="#">Wiener D</a></p>	<p><b>Climate Corporate Accountability Act.</b> Would require the State Air Resources Board, on or before January 1, 2023, to develop and adopt regulations requiring United States-based partnerships, corporations, limited liability companies, and other business entities with total annual revenues in excess of \$1,000,000,000 and that do business in California, defined as “reporting entities,” to publicly disclose, starting in 2024 on a date to be determined by the state board, and annually thereafter, their greenhouse gas emissions, categorized as scope 1, 2, and 3 emissions, as defined, from the prior calendar year.</p>			<p>5/20/2021 - May 20 hearing: Held in committee and under submission.</p>	
<p><a href="#">SB 285</a> <a href="#">McGuire D</a></p>	<p><b>California Tourism Recovery Act.</b> The California Tourism and Marketing Act, establishes a nonprofit mutual benefit corporation named the California Travel and Tourism Commission under the direction of a board of commissioners composed of 37 members, including the Director of the Governor’s Office of Business and Economic Development. This bill, the California Tourism Recovery Act, would require the commission to, upon a determination by the State Department of Public Health that it is safe to resume travel in California, implement a strategic media and jobs recovery campaign known as the “Calling All Californians” program for the purpose of reversing the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the travel and tourism industry in California, as specified.</p>	<p>Support</p>		<p>5/20/2021 - From committee: Do pass as amended. (Ayes 7. Noes 0.) (May 20). Read second time and amended. Ordered to second reading. 5/24/2021 #38 SENATE SENATE BILLS - SECOND READING FILE</p>	
<p><a href="#">SB 313</a> <a href="#">Durazo D</a></p>	<p><b>California Competes tax credit: refunds.</b> Would, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2022, allow a qualified taxpayer, to the extent a CalCompetes tax credit amount exceeds a qualified taxpayer’s tax liability for the taxable year, as specified, to</p>			<p>2/22/2021 - Art. IV. Sec. 8(a) of the Constitution dispensed with. (Ayes</p>	



# TRI-COUNTY CHAMBER ALLIANCE

SAN LUIS OBISPO | SANTA BARBARA | VENTURA

	<p>elect to be paid a refund from the Tax Relief and Refund Account, not to exceed the amount of total taxes imposed by the state and paid by the qualified taxpayer during the taxable year. The bill would define a “qualified taxpayer” as a taxpayer that has created at least 5,000 prevailing wage, full-time or full-time equivalent jobs in the state each year for a period of 10 years. The bill would require a qualified taxpayer that receives a refund to reinvest the refund into immobile capital equipment that supports infrastructure improvements, expansion, or developments for media production facilities in the state, as provided.</p>			<p>32. Noes 4.) Joint Rule 55 suspended. (Ayes 32. Noes 4.)</p>	
<p><a href="#">SB 314</a> <a href="#">Wiener</a> D</p>	<p>Alcoholic beverages. Would prohibit the authorization of a catering permit for use at any one premises for more than 52 events in one calendar year, except as specified. The bill would, until July 1, 2023, authorize the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control to, for 365 days from the date the COVID-19 state of emergency order is lifted, or longer if the licensee has a pending application for permanent expansion of their premises, allow licensees to continue to exercise license privileges in an expanded licensed area authorized pursuant to a COVID-19 temporary catering permit, as provided.</p>	<p>Support</p>		<p>5/20/2021 - From committee: Do pass. (Ayes 7. Noes 0.) (May 20). Read second time. Ordered to third reading. 5/24/2021 #274 SEN ATE SENATE BILLS -THIRD READING FILE</p>	
<p><a href="#">SB 324</a> <a href="#">Limón</a> D</p>	<p>Unsolicited commercial mail advertisements. Would require a company that sends one or more unsolicited commercial mail advertisements to the same address in a year to include specified information on those advertisements, including a toll-free number that can be used to opt out from or cease receiving commercial mail advertisements from the company. The bill would require a company, upon receiving a request from a recipient to opt out from or cease receiving advertising, to remove the recipient’s mailing address from the company’s internal mailing lists and to contact any mail delivery service or third party to ensure that the recipient no longer receives the company’s commercial mail advertisements. This bill would subject a company that knowingly violates those provisions to a civil fine of at least \$1,000 and up to \$1,000,000 for each violation, and would specify factors to be used to determine the amount of the fine.</p>			<p>4/30/2021 - Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was B., P. &amp; E.D. on 2/17/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)</p>	
<p><a href="#">SB 331</a> <a href="#">Levva</a> D</p>	<p>Settlement and nondisparagement agreements. Current law prohibits a settlement agreement from preventing the disclosure of factual information regarding specified acts related to a</p>			<p>5/13/2021 - Referred to Coms. on JUD. and L. &amp; E.</p>	



# TRI-COUNTY CHAMBER ALLIANCE

SAN LUIS OBISPO | SANTA BARBARA | VENTURA

	<p>claim filed in a civil action or a complaint filed in an administrative action. These acts include sexual assault, as defined; sexual harassment, as defined; an act of workplace harassment or discrimination based on sex, failure to prevent such an act, or retaliation against a person for reporting such an act; and an act of harassment or discrimination based on sex by the owner of a housing accommodation, as defined, or retaliation against a person for reporting such an act. This bill would clarify that this prohibition includes provisions which restrict the disclosure of the information described above. The bill would also expand the prohibition to include acts of workplace harassment or discrimination not based on sex and an act of harassment or discrimination not based on sex by the owner of a housing accommodation.</p>				
<p><a href="#">SB 389</a> <a href="#">Dodd D</a></p>	<p><b>Alcoholic beverages: retail on-sale license: off-sale privileges.</b> Current law authorizes the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control to issue various types of licenses and prohibits a person from exercising the privilege which a licensee may exercise or performing under the authority of a license unless the person is authorized to do so by a license. This bill would authorize the holder of a retail on-sale license or a licensed beer manufacturer that operates a bona fide eating place to exercise additional off-sale rights and privileges, subject to specified requirements. In this regard, the bill would authorize the licensee to sell alcoholic beverages for off-sale consumption for which their license permits on-sale consumption if the beverages are in manufacturer prepackaged containers.</p>	<p>Recommend Support</p>		<p>5/20/2021 - Referred to Com. on G.O.</p>	
<p><a href="#">SB 410</a> <a href="#">Levy D</a></p>	<p><b>Occupational safety and health: regulations.</b> Current law generally requires the adoption, amendment, or repeal of standards and orders by the Occupational Safety and Health Standards Board to comply with the rulemaking provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act (APA), but exempts from provisions of the APA relating to public participation and review of proposed regulations a standard or amendment to any standard adopted by the standards board that is substantially the same as a federal standard, including existing APA requirements, for a proposed nonmajor regulation, to prepare a prescribed economic impact assessment and, for a proposed major regulation, to prepare a standardized regulatory impact analysis in a manner prescribed by the Department of Finance. This bill would exempt any occupational safety and health standard and order from the</p>	<p>Oppose</p>		<p>5/17/2021 - Read third time. Passed. (Ayes 22. Noes 9.) Ordered to the Assembly. In Assembly. Read first time. Held at Desk.</p>	



# TRI-COUNTY CHAMBER ALLIANCE

SAN LUIS OBISPO | SANTA BARBARA | VENTURA

	standardized regulatory impact analysis requirement.				
<a href="#">SB 419</a> <a href="#">Stern D</a>	<p><b>Oil and gas: regulation: skilled and trained workforce.</b>  <b>The Geologic Energy Management Division in the Department of Conservation regulates the drilling, operation, maintenance, and abandonment of oil and gas wells and production facilities in the state. Current law requires the State Oil and Gas Supervisor to supervise the drilling, operation, maintenance, and abandonment of wells and the operation, maintenance, and removal or abandonment of tanks and facilities related to oil and gas production within an oil and gas field, so as to prevent damage to life, health, property, and natural resources, as provided. This bill would, except as provided, for work performed by a licensed contractor, require that the owner or operator of a well or production facility, when contracting for the performance of construction, alteration, demolition, installation, repair, or maintenance work, as defined, to be performed at the well or production facility, to require that its contractors and any subcontractors use a skilled and trained workforce, as defined, to perform all onsite work within an apprenticeable occupation, as defined, in the building and construction trades, as defined.</b></p>			<p>5/18/2021 - Read second time. Ordered to third reading.            5/24/2021 #166 SENATE SENATE BILLS -THIRD READING FILE</p>	
<a href="#">SB 430</a> <a href="#">Borgeas R</a>	<p><b>Small businesses: reduction or waiver of civil penalties for violation of regulations or statutes.</b>  <b>Would require a state agency to establish a policy, by January 1, 2023, that provides for the reduction or waiver of civil penalties for a violation of a regulatory or statutory requirement by a small business if the violation did not involve willful or criminal conduct and did not pose a serious health, safety, or environmental threat. The bill would require the policy to include various factors the state agency would be required to consider when making a determination as to whether to reduce or waive the civil penalty. The bill would authorize the state agency to update the policy to reflect current issues and conditions affecting small businesses and the state agency.</b></p>			<p>5/20/2021 - May 20 hearing: Held in committee and under submission.</p>	
<a href="#">SB 467</a> <a href="#">Wiener D</a>	<p><b>Oil and gas: hydraulic fracturing, acid well stimulation treatments, steam flooding, water flooding, or cyclic steaming: prohibition: job relocation.</b>  <b>Would revise the definition of “well stimulation treatment” to include steam flooding and water flooding. The bill would prohibit the issuance or renewal of a permit to conduct hydraulic fracturing, acid well stimulation</b></p>	<p>Oppose</p>		<p>4/30/2021 - Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was N.R. &amp; W. on</p>	



# TRI-COUNTY CHAMBER ALLIANCE

SAN LUIS OBISPO | SANTA BARBARA | VENTURA

	<p>treatment, steam flooding, water flooding, or cyclic steaming for the extraction of oil and gas beginning January 1, 2022, and would prohibit new or repeated hydraulic fracturing, acid well stimulation treatments, steam flooding, water flooding, or cyclic steaming, except as conducted pursuant to a permit lawfully issued before that date. The bill would prohibit all hydraulic fracturing, acid well stimulation treatments, steam flooding, water flooding, cyclic steaming, or other well stimulation treatments beginning January 1, 2027.</p>			2/25/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)	
<p><a href="#">SB 553</a> <a href="#">Limón D</a></p>	<p><b>Income taxes: California Work Opportunity Tax Credit.</b> The Personal Income Tax Law and the Corporation Tax Law allow various credits against the taxes imposed by those laws. This bill, for each taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2021, and before January 1, 2025, would allow a credit against the taxes imposed under both laws to a qualified employer, as defined, in an amount equal to that allowed under the federal Work Opportunity Tax Credit, as modified. The bill would prohibit the credit from exceeding \$2,400 per qualified employee per taxable year, and would require the Employment Development Department to issue certification of qualified individuals, as specified. By expanding the crime of perjury, this bill would create a state-mandated local program.</p>			5/20/2021 - May 20 hearing: Held in committee and under submission.	
<p><a href="#">SB 606</a> <a href="#">Gonzalez D</a></p>	<p><b>Workplace safety: violations of statutes: enterprise-wide violations: employer retaliation.</b> Current law requires the Division of Occupational Safety and Health to issue a citation for a violation of provisions relating to the spraying of asbestos, or any standard, rule, order, or regulation established pursuant to specified provisions of the California Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1973 if, upon inspection or investigation, the division believes that an employer has committed a violation. Existing law imposes penalties of certain maximum amounts depending on whether the violation is serious, uncorrected, or willful or repeated. Current law authorizes the division to seek an injunction restraining certain uses or operations of employment that constitute a serious menace to the lives or safety of persons, as specified. This bill, instead, would require the division to issue a citation for a violation of provisions relating to the spraying of asbestos, certain employment safety related provisions of the Labor Code, or any standard, rule, order or regulation established pursuant to specified provisions of</p>	Oppose		5/20/2021 - From committee: Do pass as amended. (Ayes 5. Noes 2.) (May 20). Read second time and amended. Ordered to second reading. 5/24/2021 #99 SEN ATE SENATE BILLS - SECOND READING FILE	



# TRI-COUNTY CHAMBER ALLIANCE

SAN LUIS OBISPO | SANTA BARBARA | VENTURA

	the California Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1973 or other safety related provisions of the Labor Code if, upon inspection or investigation, the division believes that an employer has committed a violation.				
<a href="#">SB 657</a> <a href="#">Ochoa</a> <a href="#">Bogh</a> R	<b>Employment: electronic documents.</b> Current law regulates the wages, hours, and working conditions of any worker employed in any occupation, trade, or industry, whether compensation is measured by time, piece, or otherwise, except as specified. This bill would provide that, in any instance in which an employer is required to physically post information, an employer may also distribute that information to employees by email with the document or documents attached. The bill would specify that this does not alter the employer's obligation to physically display the required posting.	Watch		5/13/2021 - Referred to Coms. on L. & E. and JUD.	
<a href="#">SB 680</a> <a href="#">Grove</a> R	<b>Well stimulation.</b> Under current law, the Geologic Energy Management Division in the Department of Conservation regulates the drilling, operation, maintenance, and abandonment of oil and gas wells in the state. Current law requires the division, on or before January 1, 2015, to adopt regulations specific to well stimulation treatments, as defined. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to the provision relating to the adoption of regulations.			3/3/2021 - Referred to Com. on RLS.	
<a href="#">SB 690</a> <a href="#">Wilk</a> R	<b>The California aerospace industry.</b> Would, in addition to making certain findings and declarations, state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would establish the California Aerospace Commission to develop an official space plan and oversee a special district created within the GO-Biz that would foster the growth and development of a sustainable and world-leading aerospace industry in the state, and promote aerospace business development by facilitating business financing, spaceport operations, research and development, workforce development, and innovative education programs.			3/3/2021 - Referred to Com. on RLS.	
<a href="#">SB 808</a> <a href="#">Roth</a> D	<b>GO-Biz: Made in California Program.</b> Current law establishes the Made in California Program within the Governor's Office of Business and Economic Development for the purposes of encouraging consumer product awareness and fostering purchases of high-quality products made in this state. Current law requires, in order to be eligible under the program, a company to			5/20/2021 - Referred to Com. on J.,E.D., & E.	



# TRI-COUNTY CHAMBER ALLIANCE

SAN LUIS OBISPO | SANTA BARBARA | VENTURA

	<p>establish that the product is substantially made by an individual located in the state and that the finished product could lawfully use a “Made in U.S.A.” label, as provided. This bill would remove the requirement that a company establish that the finished product could lawfully use a “Made in U.S.A.” label in order to be eligible under the program.</p>				
<p><a href="#">SCA 4</a> <a href="#">Wilk R</a></p>	<p><b>Legislature: 2-year budget.</b> Would limit the Legislature, in the first year of the regular session, to considering or acting upon only the Budget Bill and related bills, and up to 5 bills introduced by each of the standing committees of the Legislature, as specified. The measure would require the Governor to submit to the Legislature a budget for the ensuing 2 fiscal years within the first 10 days of the first calendar year of the biennium of the legislative session, and would require the Legislature to adopt by June 15 of the first calendar year of the biennium of the legislative session a Budget Bill that appropriates funds to support state government for the next 2-year fiscal period commencing on July 1. The measure, in the second year of the regular session, would limit the Legislature to considering or acting upon only legislation other than the Budget Bill and related bills. The Legislature, by a 2/3 vote of each house, would be authorized, however, to amend an enacted Budget Bill and related bills in both calendar years of the biennium.</p>			<p>4/7/2021 - Referred to Coms. on B. &amp; F.R. and E. &amp; C.A.</p>	

**Total Measures: 93**

**Total Tracking Forms: 93**